

LOCAL MATTERS.

WEATHER PROBABILITIES. April 1, 1880. For the Middle and South Atlantic States clear or partly cloudy weather; winds mostly from northwest to southwest; stationary or rising temperature and barometer.

GRANT THE FAVORITE.—It was stated in the Gazette yesterday that the republicans of Alexandria were in favor of the nomination of Grant by the Chicago Presidential Convention. This morning the reporter called upon the several gentlemen holding Federal positions in this city, and in response to the question, propounded to each one of them, "Who is your choice for President?" they expressed themselves as follows:

The first gentleman called upon was Mr. J. St. Peter, United States Commissioner, who stated that his personal preference was for Blaine, but for the certain success of the republic party, he thought that Gen. Grant was the best man to nominate.

Mr. Lewis McKee, postmaster, had his private opinion, but did not intend to express it. He would vote for the republic nominee, whoever, he might be, but he thought Grant was the strongest man.

Mr. Andrew Jamieson, assistant postmaster, had a decided objection to expressing an opinion, remarking that it did not always do for office holders to be too free in expressing their views.

Mr. Thomas Burroughs, a clerk in the post office, was in favor of Grant first, Blaine next and then Sherman. He would vote for the nominee of the convention.

Mr. L. McK. Bell, also a clerk in the office, favored Blaine.

Mr. George C. Hewes, delivery clerk in the post office, did not think that it was anybody's business who he was for, and questioned the right of anyone to ask him about his private affairs.

Mr. A. A. Warfield, collector of customs, expressed himself in favor of Grant.

Mr. E. E. Corbett, deputy collector of customs, said he was a Blaine man. He had no special choice between Grant and Sherman.

Mr. Wm. A. Cave, inspector of customs, stated that he was a pronounced Sherman man.

Mr. E. Beattie, deputy collector of internal revenue, favored Grant.

Mr. E. D. Fitch, United States storekeeper, stands on Mr. Fowler's platform. His personal preference was for Blaine, but thought there would be no doubt of success with Grant in the field.

Mr. E. A. Butts, United States gauger, thought Grant the best and strongest man.

Mr. L. C. O'Neal, Deputy U. S. Marshall, also thought that Grant would be the strongest candidate.

Meeting Mr. Benjamin Austin, a leader in the county, and Clerk of the County Court, he was questioned on the subject, and replied that he was in favor of the nominee of the Chicago convention.

It was also learned from good authority that one of the 51 employees at the Custom House in Richmond 11 are Sherman men, 2 for Blaine, 2 doubtful, and the remaining 36 are in favor of Grant.

The colored people are getting a little warmer about the Congressional candidate, and already John Montgomery, a colored man, employed in the Government Printing Office, is charged with being concerned in an attempt to pack the coming convention to select members of a Congressional convention, with delegates favorable to Mr. Sampson P. Bayly.

THE FATE OF THE ROBERT PORTER.—The mate of the schooner Robert Porter, lost in the Indian Ocean, Hopkins, by name, now employed on the schooner Jefferson Borden, which has been lying in port, gives a graphic description of the loss of the first named schooner. He says they were going from Regoon, to a port on the Mediterranean sea, when they encountered a typhoon, through which the schooner passed bravely, coming out looking but slightly. The captain, arriving at a land in the Indian Ocean, called the crew together and asked the schooner, to which they all responded that they were, and expressed astonishment at the question as there was nothing in the matter with the vessel. It was determined, however, by the captain, to remain where they were, notwithstanding it was a dangerous place. After lying at the land for some time, which was covered by an Englishman, the crew were surprised to receive orders from the captain to prepare to move; and still further astonished, after sailing for a short distance, by being ordered again to anchor near a most dangerous reef, notwithstanding he, the mate, protest against anchoring at a place where the vessel would be broken to pieces the first cold blow. At about twelve o'clock at night he heard the anchor chain paying out of the hoist pipe, and arose to find that the hand spike had been removed from the windlass and the vessel was drifting on the reef where she was shadowed in good condition. The mate spoke enthusiastically of the Porter and said there was not the slightest necessity for the loss of the vessel.

KEEPING UP WITH THE TIMES.—The old-fashioned method of rapping a bad organ to the back, which has been in vogue for many centuries, is gradually giving way to a more modern plan. The instruments are now generally constructed to go on wheels, and have a handle, or tongue, attached somewhat similar to those on baby carriages; and as the bright, blinding spring daisies approach these "nomadic grinders from 'Irish-sunny-clime'" make their notes to be heard in the land, and to day Alexandria has been "rattled" with divers tunes from one of these rolling organs. A peculiarity about the one in two to day was a small cart near the organ on which was seated a little girl of about two and a half years, and following behind was a small boy, certainly not over five years of age—both looking innocent and contented in taking their first lessons in the science of becoming street vendors, and who, in a few years, will entertain the degrading notion of their sire, peddler, kidnapper, or whoever he may be in charge of them, that to carry out the intentions of Providence concerning them they should avoid all work or respectability and become wandering drones, subject to the contempt of all right thinking people.

READJUSTERS DIVIDED.—A meeting was held last night at the Exchange Restaurant, at which twenty seven persons were present, to form a democratic readjuster's club. This movement is in direct opposition to the readjuster organization in this city, of which Mr. B. A. Windsor is the head. The new club proposes to act with the conservative party in everything but the State debt; to stand by the democratic electoral ticket; to vote for the conservative candidate for Congress from this district, and endeavor to send a democratic readjuster to the House of Delegates. After consultation, the following officers were elected: M. E. L. Brackett, President; J. E. Waddy, Treasurer; Thos. Hudson, Thos. Williams and E. H. Hawkins, Vice Presidents; A. N. Hurdle and Jas. Shinn, Secretaries. The meeting then adjourned subject to the call of the President.

FLOUR INSPECTION.—Mr. John S. Taylor, flour inspector of this city, reports that 6,468 barrels of flour, of all grades, have been inspected by him during the quarter ending March 31, 1880.

Milly Holmes has been received at the Richmond penitentiary.

THE SENE BOAT CASE.—The Washington

Republican says:

"Yesterday, in the Criminal Court, before the regular proceedings were commenced, Justice James delivered his opinion in the matter of the habeas corpus of Joseph Henry, John E. Donaldson, Joseph Blane, Charles E. Burch and Joshua Reed, who, by their work, by their press, sought to obtain their discharge from Deputy Sheriff Sutherland, of Charles county, Md. They were originally arrested upon a warrant issued by order of Chief Justice Carter, based upon a requisition of the Governor of Maryland, and charged with stealing a boat and seine from Port Tobacco, Md., which, at the time, were in the possession of the sheriff of Charles county.

"His Honor, in a lengthy opinion, decided that the Constitution and statutes of Congress required that parties should be delivered upon requisition from other jurisdictions if the proceedings were regular in form. The court here could not inquire any further than to see that some crime coming under the laws of Maryland was duly charged. It was his duty, therefore, to remand the prisoners. The court took occasion, however, to remark that the facts of the case, as developed, failed to show any felonious taking by the parties, and he warned the authorities of the State against making use of a municipal ordinance for the purpose of involving the parties in criminal proceedings.

Mr. Irving Williamson, for the petitioners, took an appeal to the general term, and the bond was renewed for the appearance of the men.

"The sheriff subsequently stated that had the men come with him to Port Tobacco in the outfit they would have made it as light for them as possible, but now that they were disposed to kick and fight, the authorities of the county would treat them as hard as they could when they got there."

THE LATE ASSAULT CASE.—Captain F. L. Smith, one of the counsel for Robert Ballenger and George Nowland, committed to jail by Commissioner Fowler, last Monday night, to await the action of the District authorities, charged with committing an assault on a passenger on board the steamboat City of Washington, last Thursday evening, returned from Richmond last night, whether he had been to present a petition to Judge Robert W. Hughes for a writ of habeas corpus.

The writ was granted, and Judge Hughes will arrive here to-morrow, when a hearing of the case will take place before him in chambers at 2 o'clock.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.—At the meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, held at the Reform Club rooms yesterday afternoon, devotional exercises were conducted, and the other exercises presided over by Miss Mary Goods.

The following permanent officers were elected: President, Miss Mary Goods; Vice Presidents, Mrs. Beattie, Mrs. E. Richards, Mrs. Henderson and Mrs. Harmon; Secretary, Mrs. James F. Galley; Treasurer, Mrs. M. J. Giehn.

THE LOVEDAY CASE.—Justice Frank Lovejoy, charged with committing an indecent assault upon the old woman McCann, whose trial was postponed yesterday until to-day, on account of the sickness of the principal witness, the old woman herself, presented himself at the station house to-day, when a preliminary examination took place. After the hearing of the evidence, the case was sent on to the grand jury, which meets next Monday, and recessed on bail in the sum of \$500.

DEATH AT MOUNT VERNON.—Miss Elizabeth Gibbs, widow of the late Edward Gibbs, whose illness was announced last week, died at her residence, near Mount Vernon, yesterday, of pneumonia. Her funeral will take place Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Six hundred tons of iron ore were shipped North last week over the Virginia Midland road from Lynchburg, Va.

In the list of Vestrymen elected for Grace Church, published in Tuesday's Gazette, the name of Mr. George McElroy, Jr., appeared. It should have been Mr. George McElroy, Sr.

At a meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic, held in Washington last night to make arrangements for Decoration Day, Mr. Charles E. Joyce, was appointed member of the executive committee from Post No. 1.

There must have been a large crowd of "April fools" out last night judging from the results this morning. Large beer sags were placed at the entrances of prominent ministers; the sign of a prominent lawyer removed, and replaced by a notice of removal; articles of china were suspended over the door of a well known real estate agent. One druggist had his sign altogether; indeed there was a general turn around.

THE ORIGIN OF EASTER EGGS.—As to the origin of Easter eggs, the New York Journal of Commerce gives this explanation of the custom and its symbolic meaning: "The egg is an accepted symbol of the Resurrection. It was used long before Christianity to represent both the creation and deliverance, as life and order came out of chaos, and out of the ark which inclosed it, as the shell does the life to be quickened within it. The transfer of the symbol to the life of the comes out of the grave is very natural. These eggs were colored red or crimson to represent the blood poured out for man's redemption, through which alone, as the believer held, the new life was promised."

CUMBERLAND COAL.—A dispatch from Cumberland says that "the supply of Cumberland coal in this city is exhausted, and the coal now generally in use is from the Maryland region, and is known as the Keystone coal. While the strike lasts it costs the county over \$10.00 per day, and drives the customers of Cumberland coal to other regions for coal, though it be inferior in quality, is preferable to Cumberland coal at the increased price that would be asked, were the demands of the railroad men and miners acceded to."

Indignation at the Delar.

LONDON, April 1.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says: "The delay in regard to the sentence of the assassin of the Russian Colonel Comaroff causes indignation. The Russian representative threatens to quit Constantinople if justice is not speedily done."

LOCAL OPTION.

This subject has been plentifully discussed in the Gazette; but since the appearance of Mr. Mushbach's last letter, I think much more will be said. I propose to say but little concerning the colored or "blue ribbon" club, of which I am President. The question of local option has been talked of for weeks before the petition was offered to be signed, and was endorsed by all the members, both at public and private meetings; and as for the reasons assigned for its introduction, they were frivolous in the extreme, for the reason that many of the colored men cannot write their names (I wonder if all the six hundred whose names had so much weight over the eleven hundred all signed their own names) with the understanding that colored men could not sign for this matter was discovered at a large meeting, even by those who were present and could not write that the clerk should transfer the names of all male members, with the distinct understanding that no boys under age were to have their names on the list; therefore, Mr. Mushbach's throw "girls and boys" does not appear to the club, or if it did it was against special order of the vote taken, and I leave that question for the "red ribbon" club.

Alexandria, April 1.

The regular monthly meeting of the Real Estate and Lumber Co. will be held to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock.

JULIAN MOORE, Secretary.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS

WASHINGTON, April 1, 1880

SENATE

Mr. Wallace from the select committee to inquire into alleged frauds in the late election, submitted a report, on the subject of assessments for political purposes. Ordered to be printed and laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Moxey the bill authorizing the Secretary of War to acquire for the U. S. title to the site of Fort Stockton, Texas, was taken up and passed.

Mr. Cockrell introduced a bill to establish a semi-monthly steamboat mail service between the States of the Mississippi Valley and Brazil, and moved its reference to the Committee on Postoffice and Postroads, which was objected to and the bill went over.

On motion of Mr. Cameron, of Penn., the bill authorizing the Secretary of War to apply the proceeds of the military prison at Fort Leavenworth to the support of the institution was taken up and passed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Chalmers, of Miss., from the Committee on Pacific Railways, reported a bill to complete the Pacific Railway system. Printed and re-committed.

Mr. Singleton, of Miss., chairman of the Committee on Privileges, reported a resolution for the printing of 5,000 copies of the report of the select committee on the depression of labor upon the subject of Chinese immigration.

Mr. Hazzard, of Wis., objected to the resolution. The committee has gone to Chicago and to California in search of depression and found nothing but prosperity. The whole thing was played out, and Congress had better appropriate the money which the printing would cost to a missionary fund or some charitable purpose.

Mr. Singleton was not far from agreeing with the gentleman, but thought that the report was interesting one and might as well be printed.

Mr. Reed, of Me., moved to lay the resolution on the table. Defeated yeas 45, nays 149. The resolution was then agreed to.

The morning hour having been disposed with, the House proceeded to the consideration of the Senate bill to amend the census act, with the amendments of the House Committee.

Fatal Affair.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 1.—A special from Comstock, Kalamazoo Co., Mich., says that Andrew Brown, a farmer, living near there, yesterday ordered his daughter in law, who had been deserted by her husband, to leave his house. Her father and some neighbors came and asked that she be allowed to take some furniture with her, whereupon a fight ensued, in which Brown shot a man named John Dunbar twice through the lungs, killing him. A mob gathered and threatened to lynch Brown, but he barricaded himself in the house, and they feared to approach. Subsequently the deputy sheriff effected an entrance and found Brown lying on the bed, having taken a dose of nitrate of silver. He was removed to jail, and physicians have endeavored to save him from the effects of the poison, so that he can answer to the charge of murder.

DEAF AND DUMB.—Mr. and Mrs. George Keiser, No. 418 Walnut street, Reading, Penn., are an interesting couple, with a curious history. They are both over sixty years of age. He was born deaf and dumb, and she became deaf when about six years old. He converses in the sign language, and she is able to hold extended talks with a few inmates by watching closely the movements of their lips. She so manages to answer her callers' inquiries. They have a pet dog that is an essential element in their domestic life.

As neither of the old people can hear, the dog becomes by his superior instinct a means of communication. When the door bell rings he will go up to Mrs. Keiser and put her dress, then run before her toward the door. The dog also has learned to know the time of arrival of the milkman who serves the Keisers, and can actually distinguish the bark of the milkman's bell. The dog will sit in the attitude of attention, head up and ears thrown forward, as soon as he catches the first note of the bell, and will wait until the milkman has driven in front of the house, then he will bark, and the ringing of the bell or going to the door. Mrs. Keiser will then sign or point her dress and announce the milkman's arrival.

THE MIDLAND ROAD BETWEEN DANVILLE AND CHARLOTTE.—The Charlotte (N. C.) Observer says that an agreement has been entered into, subject to the ratification of the stockholders of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio railroad, looking to a speedy completion of the proposed road between Charlotte and Danville. This part of the contract is the President (Grant) as the proper thing will be done, and money necessary to complete the road will be advanced at other places of the same kind by the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio railroad company. In this negotiation no time is either done or said as to what time the Virginia Midland was to strike the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio railroad. This is an open question, and will not probably be decided until the surveys now being made are completed, and the people along the several routes proposed have given a time to be considered; but it is understood that all other considerations being equal the "longest pole will knock down the perpendiculars."

GEN. MAHONE'S POSITION.—At the readjusters' meeting at Petersburg Tuesday night, Gen. Mahone, United States Senator-elect, delivered a speech, in which he urged the readjusters to organize for the impending contest, and not to listen to the blarney of the stump faction, who had declared only last fall that they were unworthy associates. He pledged himself never to follow under any circumstances; that under all circumstances he would preserve his manhood and his independence. He would resist the tyranny of any faction, whether in State or national politics; he was for Virginia and her interests over and above everything, and would defy the action of national or State factions when it threatened the rights and liberties of his people. What matter is to the people who is the President of the United States if their liberties be lost? The readjusters had struck one good blow for the freedom of the people. Now let them organize for all contests to come, holding the interests of the State and her people above all other interests.

The Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs property has been sold at auction, Wm. A. Stuart, of Baltimore, Va., being the purchaser. The price obtained was \$340,000. Judge Jackson will, it is thought, clear the title.

Will open on the first day of April a Job Lot of Goods from one of the largest retailers of New York city, comprising Bazaar and other well known manufacturers. These goods are of SUPERIOR QUALITY, and will be sold at ONE HALF OF THEIR COST.

Ladies', Men's, Children's and Boy's Shoes, Mr. J. WADDEY, 110 King street.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., March 22, 1880.

Having used Warren's English Condensation Powders on horses in a complete state of general debility; as on horses suffering from Colds and Distemper, I testify they are the best in use, and I heartily recommend everybody to use them with full confidence that they will convince the most skeptical of their superior merits. &c. [Signed] J. W. WILSON.

Agent Adams' Express Co.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, APRIL 1, 1880

Sun rises 5:41 Sub 6:24

0:43 BARKED.

Str J W Thompson, lower Pot. by F A Read, Str Mattano, lower P. by J Brothers & Co.

NOTICE.—The sixth annual meeting of the ALEXANDRIA & MARLBOROUGH RAILWAY AND BUILDING COMPANY will be held at their office in the yard of the first Tuesday in April, 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m. Business; annual report and election of officers.

april 3 J. SCHNEIDER, Sec'y.

COMMERCIAL.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET, April 1, 1880.—Flour

is quiet and unchanged. The receipts of Wheat are good, but prices are off and we note sales of 1430 bushels at 132 and 133 for Fall, and 135 and 137 for fair to good Lancaster. Corn is higher, with light receipts, and sales of 420 bushels of white at 59 and 60. 167 bushels of Rye sold at 16 and one small lot of Oats were offered but withdrawn.

QUEENSTOWN CATTLE MARKET, March 31.—273 cattle were offered, 753 of which sold as follows: Best on sale (14½); fair to good 42½; medium 41½; ordinary 31½. 100 clipped sheep sold at 6½.

BALTIMORE, April 1.—Virginia steeled deferred 8; do consolidated 6½; do 24 series 13; past due coupons 8½; new 10 40s 8½ bid to-day. Cotton dull and unchanged. Wheat—Southern quiet and steady; Western steady for spot; irregular and easy for futures; Southern red 13½; do amber 14½; No 1 Maryland red 13½; No 2 Western winter red spot and April 13½; May 13½; June 13½; July 11½; Aug 11½; Sept 11½; Oct 11½; Corn quiet and steady; Southern white 68; do yellow 65½; Western mixed spot 64; April 64; May 64½; June 64½; asked; steamer 62. Oats a snare farmer, but unchanged. Rye quiet and unchanged. Hay steady and unchanged. Coffee firm and quiet; Rio cargoes fair to prime 15½. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Whiskey steady at 1.00 \$1.00.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Stocks strong. Money 6. Flour dull. Wheat dull and heavy. Corn dull and easier.

HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED

STOMACH

BITTERS

The true antidote to the effects of miasma is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and it is in immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preventative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers generally.

Fever and Ague.

THE TRUE ANTIDOTE TO THE EFFECTS OF MIASMA IS HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary specifics, and it is in immense demand wherever on this Continent fever and ague exists. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preventative for encountering a malarious atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers generally.

CHEAP! CHEAPER! CHEAPEST!

NEW BOOKS, MAGAZINES, REVIEWS, &c., &c., &c., at

FRENCH'S, 93 & 95 KING STREET.

FARRAR'S LIFE OF CHRIST; 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th.

GEORGE'S LIFE OF CHRIST, first, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th.

COMPENSATION, by Col. E. Gardner; \$1.00.

New and beautiful styles of Checks, Notes and Drafts, lithographed, in books of a hundred each, just received.

Standard Base Ball Guide for 1880; 10c.

The Art Amateur for April; 25c.

The Budget for April; 15c.

Fire-side Monthly for April; 15c.

Daily receiving New Books, Magazines, Reviews, etc., etc.

ap 1 GEO. E. FRENCH.

AMUSEMENTS.

M. E. CHURCH TUESDAY EVEN'G.

April 6, 1880.

GRAND LITERARY AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Washington's favorite LITTLE ANNIE LEWIS, only nine years old, the natural mimic and elocutionist, who has delighted audiences nearly all the leading churches of Washington, will make her appearance in Alexandria for the first time in some of her best renditions; beside her own talent of the last order. See programme and prices inside. Admission—adults 25 cents; children 15c. Door open at 7, commencing at 7:30 p. m.

mb30-1

TRADE MARKS.

Virginia City of Alexandria to wit:

A. Henry Southard, of the village of West End, and county of Fairfax, State of Virginia, manufacturer of beer in said village, has adopted as his trade mark the words "H. Englehardt" and claim the exclusive right to the use of said trade mark on barrels, kegs, bottles, or other vessels containing beer.

In testimony whereof, I hereto set my hand this 30th day of March, A. D. 1880.

H. ENGLEHART.

Virginia—Corporation Court of the city of Alexandria, Clerk's Office, March 30th, 1880.

This claim of trade mark was this day filed in the office for record.

Teste: MORTON MARVE, Clerk.

A copy.

Teste: MORTON MARVE, Clerk.

mb30-2w

Virginia City of Alexandria to wit:

A. Robert Porter, of the city of Alexandria, Virginia, manufacturer of beer in said city, has adopted as his trade mark the words "R. Porter," "Rob. Porter," "Robert Porter," and "R. Porter's Beer," and claim the exclusive right to the use of each and all of the said trade marks on barrels, kegs, bottles, or other vessels containing beer.

In testimony whereof, I hereto set my hand this 25th day of March, A. D. 1880.

ROBERT PORTER.

Virginia—Corporation Court of the city of Alexandria, Clerk's Office, March 25th, 1880.

This claim of trade mark was this day filed in the office for record.

Teste: MORTON MARVE, Clerk.

A true copy from the Records.

Teste: MORTON MARVE, Clerk.

mb30-2w

PAPER HANGINGS, &c.

ALL THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN